## AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 5, 1997 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 31, 1997

## SENATE BILL

No. 413

## **Introduced by Senator Peace** (Coauthors: Senators Alpert and Burton)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Aroner, Ducheny, and Wayne)

February 18, 1997

An act to add *and repeal* Section 1260 to of the Health and Safety Code, relating to health, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 413, as amended, Peace. Health: nonprofit hospitals.

Existing law provides for the licensure of health facilities, including general acute care hospitals, by the State Department of Health Services, and makes the violation of its provisions subject to criminal sanction.

This bill would prohibit any board member of a nonprofit general acute care hospital who negotiates the terms and conditions of a sale or transfer of the nonprofit hospital to a for-profit corporation or entity or a mutual corporation from receiving any salary, compensation, payment, or other form of financial remuneration from the for-profit corporation or entity or the mutual benefit corporation. By creating a new requirement in the provisions governing general acute care hospitals, this bill would change SB 413 

the definition of a crime, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

The bill would also require any person who is a member of management of the nonprofit corporation and who presents information or opinions to the board regarding the sale or transfer of the nonprofit general acute care hospital that are relied upon, or considered by, any of the board members in making decisions regarding the sale or transfer, to make a written affirmative declaration that he or she will not work for the for-profit corporation or entity or the mutual benefit corporation in the future. In making any decision regarding the sale or transfer of the nonprofit general acute care hospital it would prohibit the board from relying on any information presented by any person who does not make this written affirmative declaration.

The bill would exempt from this prohibition any person whose only role in the transfer or sale is to provide exclusively factual data, as described, to the nonprofit hospital.

The bill would repeal its provisions on January 1, 2003.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote:  $\frac{2}{3}$ . Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 1260 is added to the Health and 1 Safety Code, to read: 2
- 3 1260. (a) Any member of the board of directors of a
- 4 nonprofit corporation that is a nonprofit general acute care hospital, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 1250 5
- of the Health and Safety Code, who negotiates the terms
- and conditions of a sale or transfer of the nonprofit
- general acute care hospital to a for-profit corporation or

**—3** — SB 413

entity or a mutual benefit corporation is prohibited from receiving any salary, compensation, payment, or other form of remuneration from the for-profit corporation or entity or mutual benefit corporation following the close of the sale or the transfer.

5

6

- (b) Any person who is a member of management of the nonprofit corporation and who presents information or opinions to the board regarding the sale or transfer of the nonprofit general acute care hospital as described in subdivision (a) that are relied upon, or considered by, any 10 of the board members in making decisions regarding the 12 sale or transfer, shall make a written affirmative 13 declaration that he or she will not work for the for-profit corporation or entity or the mutual benefit corporation in the future. In making any decision regarding the sale or 16 transfer of the nonprofit general acute care hospital, the 17 board of the nonprofit corporation is prohibited from 18 relying on any information presented by any person to whom this subdivision applies who does not make this 20 written affirmative declaration. This subdivision shall not apply to any person whose only role in the sale or transfer is to provide to the nonprofit general acute care hospital information exclusively factual about the hospital, 24 community, financial status of the hospital, or other 25 similar data.
- 26 (c) This section shall remain in effect only until 27 January 1, 2003, and as of that date is repealed, unless a 28 later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2003, deletes or extends that date.
- 30 SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred 34 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 35 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 36 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 38 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

**SB 413** \_\_4\_

5

Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act shall become operative on the same date that the act takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.

SEC. 3. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the 6 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

Due to the high number of sales of nonprofit hospitals 10 11 that are currently pending and expected to take place in 12 California, it is necessary that this act take effect 13 immediately in order to ensure the protection of the 14 community's financial interest in the assets of the 15 nonprofit hospital and the community's interest in 16 maintaining access to quality hospital care.